

Medication Guide**Oxycodone Hydrochloride (ox" i koe' done hye" droe klor' ide) and Acetaminophen (a seet" a min' oh fen) Tablets, CII****Oxycodone hydrochloride and acetaminophen tablets are:**

- A strong prescription pain medicine that contains an opioid (narcotic) that is used to manage pain, severe enough to require an opioid analgesic and for which alternative treatments are inadequate and when other pain treatments such as non-opioid pain medicines do not treat your pain well enough or you cannot tolerate them.
- An opioid pain medicine that can put you at risk for overdose and death. Even if you take your dose correctly as prescribed you are at risk for opioid addiction, abuse, and misuse that can lead to death.

Important information about oxycodone hydrochloride and acetaminophen tablets:

- **Get emergency help right away if you take too many oxycodone hydrochloride and acetaminophen tablets (overdose).** When you first start taking oxycodone hydrochloride and acetaminophen tablets, when your dose is changed, or if you take too many (overdose), serious or life-threatening breathing problems that can lead to death may occur. Taking oxycodone hydrochloride and acetaminophen tablets with other opioid medicines, benzodiazepines, alcohol, or other central nervous system depressants (including street drugs) can cause severe drowsiness, decreased awareness, breathing problems, coma, and death.
- Never give anyone else your oxycodone hydrochloride and acetaminophen tablets. They could die from taking it. Store oxycodone hydrochloride and acetaminophen tablets away from children and in a safe place to prevent stealing or abuse. Selling or giving away oxycodone hydrochloride and acetaminophen tablets is against the law.

Do not take oxycodone hydrochloride and acetaminophen tablets if you have:

- Severe asthma, trouble breathing, or other lung problems.
- A bowel blockage or have narrowing of the stomach or intestines.
- Known hypersensitivity to oxycodone, acetaminophen, or any ingredient in oxycodone hydrochloride and acetaminophen tablets.

Before taking oxycodone hydrochloride and acetaminophen tablets, tell your healthcare provider if you have a history of:

- Head injury, seizures
- Liver, kidney, thyroid problems
- Problems urinating
- Pancreas or gallbladder problems
- Abuse of street or prescription drugs, alcohol addiction, or mental health problems

Tell your healthcare provider if you are:

- **Pregnant or planning to become pregnant.** Prolonged use of oxycodone hydrochloride and acetaminophen tablets during pregnancy can cause withdrawal symptoms in your newborn baby that could be life-threatening if not recognized and treated.
- **Breastfeeding.** Oxycodone hydrochloride and acetaminophen tablets pass into breast milk and may harm your baby.
- Taking prescription or over-the-counter medicines, vitamins, or herbal supplements. Taking oxycodone hydrochloride and acetaminophen tablets with certain other medicines can cause serious side effects that could lead to death.

When taking oxycodone hydrochloride and acetaminophen tablets:

- Do not change your dose. Take oxycodone hydrochloride and acetaminophen tablets exactly as prescribed by your healthcare provider. Use the lowest dose possible for the shortest time needed.
- Take your prescribed dose every 6 hours as needed for pain. Do not take more than your prescribed dose. If you miss a dose, take your next dose at your usual time.
- Call your healthcare provider if the dose you are taking does not control your pain.
- If you have been taking oxycodone hydrochloride and acetaminophen tablets regularly, do not stop taking oxycodone hydrochloride and acetaminophen tablets without talking to your healthcare provider.

- After you stop taking oxycodone hydrochloride and acetaminophen tablets, dispose of unused tablets by flushing them down the toilet.

While taking oxycodone hydrochloride and acetaminophen tablets DO NOT:

- Drive or operate heavy machinery, until you know how oxycodone hydrochloride and acetaminophen tablets affect you. Oxycodone hydrochloride and acetaminophen tablets can make you sleepy, dizzy, or lightheaded.
- Drink alcohol or use prescription or over-the-counter medicines that contain alcohol. Using products containing alcohol during treatment with oxycodone hydrochloride and acetaminophen tablets may cause you to overdose and die.

The possible side effects of oxycodone hydrochloride and acetaminophen tablets:

- Constipation, nausea, sleepiness, vomiting, tiredness, headache, dizziness, abdominal pain. Call your healthcare provider if you have any of these symptoms and they are severe.

Get emergency medical help if you have:

- Trouble breathing, shortness of breath, fast heartbeat, chest pain, swelling of your face, tongue, or throat, extreme drowsiness, light-headedness when changing positions, feeling faint, agitation, high body temperature, trouble walking, stiff muscles, or mental changes such as confusion.

These are not all the possible side effects of oxycodone hydrochloride and acetaminophen tablets. Call your doctor for medical advice about side effects. You may report side effects to FDA at 1-800-FDA-1088. **For more information go to dailymed.nlm.nih.gov.**

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